## Decimal number plates

- Each choose a car number plate with three digits.


## P645 CJM

- Choose two of the digits, e.g. 4 and 6. Make the smallest and largest


## Targets for pupils in Year 5

 numbers you can, each with 1 decimal places, e.g. 4.6 and 6.4.- Now find the difference between the two decimal numbers, e.g. $6.4-4.6=1.8$.
- Whoever makes the biggest difference scores 10 points.
- The person with the most points wins.

Play the game again, but this time score 10 points for the smallest difference, or 10 points for the biggest total.

## Finding areas and perimeters

> Perimeter $=$ distance around the edge of a shape Area of a rectangle = length $\times$ breadth (width)

- Collect 5 or 6 used envelopes of different sizes.
- Ask your child to estimate the perimeter of each one to the nearest centimetre. Write the estimate on the back.
- Now measure. Write the estimate next to the measurement.
- How close did your child get?
- Now estimate then work out the area of each envelope.
- Were perimeters or areas easier to estimate? Why?

You could do something similar using an old newspaper, e.g.

- Work out which page has the biggest area used for photographs.
- Choose a page and work out the total area of news stories or adverts on that page.



## A booklet for parents

Help your child with mathematics

## Targets - Year 5

## By the end of Year 5, most children should be able to...

Multiply and divide any whole number up to 10000 by 10 or 100 .Know what the digits in a decimal number stand for, e.g. the 6 in 2.63 stands for 6 tenths and the 3 for 3 hundredths.Round numbers with 1 decimal place to the nearest whole number, e.g. 9.7 rounds up to 10, 147.2 rounds down to 147.Use division to find a fraction of a number, e.g. find one fifth by dividing by 5 .Work out in their head the difference between two numbers such as 3994 and 9007.Use pencil and paper to add and subtract big numbers, e.g. $5792+8436,13912-5829$.Know by heart all multiplication tables up to $10 \times 10$.Double numbers up to 100 in their heads.Use pencil and paper to multiply and divide, e.g. $328 \times 4,72 \times 56,329 \div 6$.Draw and measure lines to the nearest millimetre.Work out the perimeter and area of a rectangle, e.g. the perimeter and area of a book cover measuring 25 cm by 20 cm .$\square \quad$ Solve word problems and explain their method.
$\qquad$ is working on the targets that are ticked.

## About the targets

These targets show some of the things your child should be able to do by the end of Year 5 .

A target may be harder than it seems, e.g. a child may subtract 3994 from 9007 by writing it in columns, without realising it is quicker to count on from 3994 up to 9007 in his / her head.

## Fun activities to do at home

## How much?

- While shopping, point out an item costing less than £1.
- Ask your child to work out in their head the cost of 3 items.
- Ask them to guess first. See how close they come.
- If you see any items labelled, for example, ' 2 for $£ 3.50$ ', ask them to work out the cost of 1 item for you, and to explain how they got the answer.


## Times tables

Say together the six times table forwards, then backwards. Ask your child questions, such as:

| Nine sixes? | How many sixes in 42? |
| :--- | :--- |
| Six times four? | Forty-eight divided by six? |
| Three multiplied by six? | Six times what equals sixty? |

Repeat with the seven, eight and nine times tables.

